

ACRYLIC SCUMBLE GLAZE TRANSPARENT

PRODUCT CODE: GSL 2

TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

Product Description	A clear, waterbased, non-yellowing acrylic medium for paint techniques, e.g. rolling, stippling, marbling, wood graining, etc. When mixed with emulsion paint it produces translucent colour effects.					
Intended Uses	 The extended working time of this unique product enables a wide range of special colour effects to be produced on walls (including kitchens), doors, cabinets, fitted units, chairs, tables and cupboards. 					
	Recommended for interior use only.					
Features & Benefits	ACRYLIC SCUMBLE GLAZE mixed with coloured paint can be sanded to create a matt, chalky surface.					
	 ACRYLIC SCUMBLE GLAZE can also be applied over pure acrylic or styrenated acrylic emulsion paints, eggshell, melamine and laminates. DOUBLE VELVET and POLVIN are available in a range of standard colours including 					
	black and white, or they may be tinted to match the INSPIRED COLOUR range.					
	• The completed work may be sealed with WATERBASED GLAZECOAT CLEAR (REF 1124) GLOSS or (REF 1125)					
	MATT for added protection if required					
Product Information Application Details	Appearance	Semi matt				
	Colour	Translucent				
	Solids	Approx. 9,5 % by mass				
	S G	1,1 Kg/ℓ (typical)				
	Recommended DFT	Varies with the effect to be created				
	Open time	Up to 45 minutes, depending on humidity and temperature as well as film				
	VOC	thickness 387 g/e				
	Mixing	Mix 3 ℓ ACRYLIC SCUMBLE GLAZE with 500 m ℓ to 1,5 ℓ of DOUBLE VELVET or				
	WINNING	POLVIN. This will normally cover an average sized room. The GLAZE mus				
		never be used unthinned or on its own.				
	Mixing ratio	ACRYLIC SCUMBLE GLAZE to emulsion paint from 6 : 1 up to 2 : 1				
	Method	Brush or roller after mixing				
	Thinning	Up to 10 % water can be used				
	Cleaning	Water				
	Substrate	Well prepared, primed and undercoated surfaces.				
	Application Environment	Surface	Ambient	Relative Humidity		
		Temperature	Temperature			
		Min.: 10 °C	Min.: 10 °C	Min: 10 °C		
		or 2 °C min above dew point				
		Max.: 40 °C	Max.: 40 °C	Max: 85 %		
	Drying time	Touch dry	1 h at 23 °C	1	_	
	, 5	Overcoating After overnight drying				
		Dry to handle 4 h at 23 °C				
Storage and	Store away from direct sun, heat and severe cold.					
Packaging	Packaging: 1 ℓ					
Surface Preparation	Ensure that all surfaces are clean, dry and free from dirt, oil, grease and any contaminants.					
	1. NEW SURFACES					
	Cement Plaster, Gypsum Plaster e.g. Rhinolite or Cretestone:					
	Apply one coat PLASTER PRIMER	R (UC 56) thinned 20 % with N	IINERAL TURPENTINE	(AZH 1).		
	Apply one or more coats of DOUBLE VELVET or POLVIN in the required colour to achieve a solid base coat colour. Allow to					
	dry thoroughly.					
	2. PREVIOUSLY PAINTED SURFACES IN GOOD CONDITION (No flaking or peeling paint.)					
	Clean down thoroughly with POLYCELL SUGAR SOAP as directed. Rinse to remove all traces of the soap solution. Sand					
	glossy surfaces. Apply one or more coats of DOUBLE VELVET or POLVIN in the required colour to achieve a solid base coat					
	colour. Allow to dry thoroughly.					
	3. All other surfaces must be suitably prepared.					



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Application

Plan the effects in two colour coats: The first in the base coat (normally white); the second in the Colour Effect, which will be patterned to reveal the base colour

- Choose the base colour and the colour of the translucent effect.
- Apply the base coat in **DOUBLE VELVET** or **POLVIN. N.B.** First test for adhesion to surface.
- Mix as directed (see application details) in the colour of your choice. Brush this mixture liberally over the base coat as directed below for the different techniques.
- Create your CLASSIC COLOUR EFFECTS by breaking the wet surface.

N.B. The techniques of broken colour work are an art form rather than exact science. A multitude of different effects can be produced by experimentation. It is therefore important to assess the suitability of the product on an experimental basis. Some of the techniques are:

1. COLOUR WASHING

Brush the prepared mixture over the base coat. Dab a cloth dampened with **WATER** lightly and randomly over the surface removing the mixture to create a mottled effect. With the tip of a soft brush lightly stroke the surface to soften the edges of the effect.

2. SPONGING

Dab a sponge dampened with **WATER** firmly onto the surface of the applied mixture until the brush marks disappear and an even pattern emerges.

3. RAG ROLLING

Take a lint-free cloth dampened with **WATER** and open it out. Form it into a sausage shaped roll. With one hand at each end of the roll, hold it between your fingertips. Starting at one corner roll the sausage diagonally across the face of the applied wet mixture. Keep repeating this process, varying the angle to create a random pattern. If any blobs of mixture are left, dab flat with the corner of the cloth. Different cloths produce varying patterns. You can also roll with polythene of different thickness. Cloths produce a subtle texture; polythene creates a much sharper pattern.

4. RAGGING/BAGGING

Using a damp rag/polythene bag, bunch it up into a ball and hold it in one hand with the loose ball protruding from the fingertips, forming a crumpled pad. The texture of the rag/bag and the way it is gathered determines the shape of the pattern when the pad is dabbed into the wet mixture and applied to the substrate. All techniques that involve dabbing can be varied by twisting the hand slightly prior to contact to change the pattern and avoid repetition.

DRAGGING

This technique produces lines in the surface of the mixture. Holding the brush handle just above the surface to be dragged, press the bristle length into the wet mixture and drag down straight through the surface to reveal a set of parallel lines. This technique is used as a border to other effects and for skirting boards, door architraves, dado rails and the flat areas on panel doors.

6. MARBLING

Refer to specialised artists.

Cautions

- We recommend familiarising yourself with the effect on a small test area before starting work.
- All tools used to pattern the surface should be cleaned regularly to avoid build-up of material.

Safety Precautions

- Always keep paint out of reach of children.
- Ensure good ventilation during application and drying.
- If accidental contact with skin should occur, wash immediately with soap and water or a recognised skin cleaner.
- Take care to avoid contact with the eyes. In case of contact, immediately rinse the eyes with plenty of water and seek medical attention.
- Harmful if swallowed. Seek medical attention and do not induce vomiting.
- Refer to Material Safety Data Sheet for complete information.

DISCLAIMER:

The recommendations contained herein are given in good faith and are meant to guide the specifier or the user. They are based on results gained from our tests and experiences and are believed to be reliable. No guarantee is implied by the recommendations contained herein since conditions of use, method of application and cleanliness of the substrate prior to painting are beyond our control.

NB: Technology may change with time necessitating changes to this Technical Data Sheet (TDS). It is the responsibility of the user to ensure that the latest TDS is being used.

NB: TO ORDER: Quote product name, product code number, packaging and colour.

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